## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • MEЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Determination of magnesium — Atomic absorption spectrophotometric method

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium — Dosage du magnésium — Méthode par absorption atomique

First edition - 1977-05-01

UDC 669.71:546.46:543.422

Ref. No. ISO 3256-1977 (E)

Descriptors: aluminium, aluminium alloys, chemical analysis, determination of content, magnesium, spectrophotometric analysis, atomic absorption spectroscopic analysis.

## **FOREWORD**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3256 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 79, *Light metals and their alloys*, and was circulated to the member bodies in September 1976.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia	Italy	South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	Japan	Spain
Bulgaria	Korea, Rep. of	Sweden
Czechoslovakia	Mexico	Switzerland
France	Norway	Turkey
Germany	Poland	U.S.A.
Hungary	Portugal	U.S.S.R.

The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

United Kingdom

© International Organization for Standardization, 1977 •

Printed in Switzerland